## SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Jotafloor PU Topcoat Comp A

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotafloor PU Topcoat Comp A

Product code : 487

Product description : Paint.

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS; phone 111.

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

mam. Liq. 3, H226

STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs)

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

#### Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10

R52/53

Physical/chemical

hazards

: Flammable.

**Environmental hazards**: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 





Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements : Mammable liquid and vapour.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing

organs)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention**: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response : Set medical attention if you feel unwell.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine, Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and n-

butyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Classif			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
	REACH#:	≥5 -	R10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]	-
	01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	<10	R66, R67	STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066		
xylene	REACH #:	≥5 -	R10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]	С
	01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
ethylbenzene	REACH #:	≥1 -	F; R11	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]	-
	01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4	<3	Xn; R20, R48/20, R65	Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH #: 01-2119455851-35	≥1.1 - <2.8	R10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]	H-P
aioiii.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6		Xn; R65 Xi; R37 R66, R67 N; R51/53	STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
n-butyl methacrylate	REACH #:	≥0.1 -	R10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1]	D

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **2/15** 

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

		<0.3				
CA	C: 202-615-1 AS: 97-88-1 dex: 607-033-00-5		Xi; R36/37/38 R43	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317		
\ , , , , ,		≥0.15 - <0.3	R43	STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]	-
	C: 255-437-1		N; R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
CA	AS: 41556-26-7			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
1 2 1		≥0.1 - <0.3	Xn; R22, R48/22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]	-
	AS: 147900-93-4		R43 N; R51/53	Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
<b>,</b> ,	_	≥0.1 - <0.3	Xn; R48/22	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]	-
EC	C: 288-315-1 AS: 85711-55-3		Xi; R41 R43	Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373		
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Eye contact** Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 3/15

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Contains n-butyl methacrylate, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine, Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 4/15

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **6.2 Environmental** precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 5/15

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking, Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations **Industrial sector specific**  : Not available. Not available.

solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<mark>r</mark> -butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms
	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482

: 11.05.2016 6/15 Date of issue

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Derived no effect levels**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	900 1119/111	Workers	Lucai
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	859.7 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m³	Consumers	Cysternic
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	Consumers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	m³ 102.34 mg/	Consumers	Local
	DIVLE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Local
xylene	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	5	Inhalation			l
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNE	Inhalation	100	Canalinaara	Cuatamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
etryiberizerie	DINEL	Inhalation	293 mg/m	WOIKEIS	Lucai
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	l o mg/m	Consumers	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		l	bw/day		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
arom.	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 150 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		110	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNIE	l amartama	bw/day	0	Overte mail:
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
			bw/day		

**Predicted no effect concentrations** 

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **7/15** 

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
<mark>ਯ</mark> -butyl acetate	PNEC	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.018 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	PNEC	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	PNEC	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

₩ear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene, butyl rubber Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: Viton®, PE, PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: fluor rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), 4H, Teflon, nitrile rubber

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **8/15** 

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Wworkers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Colour Various colours. **Odour** : Characteristic. Not available. **Odour threshold** pH : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

**Initial boiling point and** 

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 126°C (258.8°F) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 147. 51°C (297.5°F)

: Closed cup: 34°C Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Highest known value: 1 (n-butyl acetate) Weighted average: 0.55compared with

butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. : 0.8 - 9.8%

**explosive limits** 

**Upper/lower flammability or** 

Vapour pressure

: Highest known value: 1.5 kPa (11.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (n-butyl acetate).

Weighted average: 0.78 kPa (5.85 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.84

(Air = 1)

1.32 to 1.37 g/cm<sup>3</sup> **Relative density** 

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic).

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >0.225 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (>22.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s)

: Not available. **Explosive properties** Oxidising properties : Not available.

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 9/15

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Contains n-butyl methacrylate, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine, Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
_	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13100 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
n-butyl methacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	16 g/kg	-

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
	16499,8 mg/kg 123,7 mg/l

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
-butyl methacrylate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 microliters	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **10/15** 

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine		Not determined	hearing organs Not determined Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General: Eauses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : Wo known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : Wo known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
•	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		Daphnia	48 hours
9	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl methacrylate	Chronic NOEC 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days

**Conclusion/Summary**: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **11/15** 

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

Jotafloor PU Topcoat Comp A

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>x</b> ylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Not readily
light arom.			
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	-	-	Not readily
4-piperidyl) sebacate			

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>দ</mark> -butyl acetate	2,3	-	low
xylene	3,12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3,6	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
light arom.			
n-butyl methacrylate	2,99	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

To not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: Ø8 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous

substances

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

**International transport regulations** 

**14.1 UN number** : 1263 **14.2 UN proper shipping** : Paint.

name

14.3 Transport hazard

class(es)

: 3



14.4 Packing group : III

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **12/15** 

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

Jotafloor PU Topcoat Comp A

## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.5 Environmental

hazards

No.

14.6 Special precautions

for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Additional information** 

ADR / RID

: Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30 Special provisions: 640E

ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to

receptacles < 450 litre capacity).

**IMDG** 

**Emergency schedules (EmS)** 

F-E, S-E

IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5

(applicable to receptacles < 30 litre capacity).

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

**IBC Code** 

: Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

: Not determined. **Europe inventory** 

**Black List Chemicals** : Not listed **Priority List Chemicals** : Not listed Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control

list (IPPC) - Air

: Not listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I** 

**Chemicals** 

Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II** 

Chemicals

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III**  : Not listed

**Chemicals** 

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 13/15

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs)	On basis of test data Expert judgment Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

(dermal)

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

(inhalation)

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(hearing (hearing organs)

organs)

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(hearing (hearing organs)

organs)

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302
 Acute Tox. 4, H312
 Acute Tox. 4, H332
 Acute To

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2, H225
Flam. Liq. 3, H226
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1, H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

(hearing organs) EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 1

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

(hearing organs) EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

STOT SE 3, H336 EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 **14/15** 

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R11- Highly flammable.

R10- Flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation. R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R48/22- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R37- Irritating to respiratory system.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

**Full text of classifications** [DSD/DPD]

: F - Highly flammable

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

**Date of printing** Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 11.05.2016 : 11.05.2016

Date of previous issue : 24.07.2014

**Version** : 3

#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

**Date of issue** : 11.05.2016 15/15